



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GMI CAPITAL SECURITES (PRIVATE) LIMITED REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of GMI Capital Securities (Private) Limited which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2022 and of the loss, other comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The Other Information comprises the information included in the Company's Annual Report does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the Company's business; and
- d) No zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).
- e) the Company was in compliance with the requirement of section 78 of the Securities Act 2015, and the relevant requirements of Securities Brokers (Licensing and Operations) Regulations, 2016 as at the date on which the financial statements were prepared.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **Farhan Ahmed Memon**.

Reanda Haroon Zakaria & Company

Chartered Accountants

UDIN: AR202210147QMcAq70hO

Place: Karachi

Dated: 0 5 SEP 2022

GMI CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

			2022	2021
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Non-Current Assets				
Property and equipment		5	2,232,496	2,633,848
Investment property		6	8,441,940	9,379,933
Intangible asset		7	2,500,000	2,500,000
Long term deposits		8	5,996,609	4,746,609
Deferred taxation		9	-	-
			19,171,045	19,260,390
Current Assets				
Trade receivables	6	10	27,548,274	25,958,505
Deposits & other receivables		11	38,699,684	37,039,032
Tax refunds due from government - net		12	8,363,095	2,380,298
Short term investments		13	59,631,874	55,424,136
Cash and bank balances		14	67,289,230	115,704,815
			201,532,157	236,506,786
Total Assets			220,703,202	255,767,176
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Capital and Reserves			-	-
Authorized Share Capital				
1,500,000 (2021: 1,500,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each			150,000,000	150,000,000
		1.5	4.50,000,000	150 000 000
Issued, subscribed and paid - up capital		15	150,000,000	150,000,000
Reserves			63,695,424	90,910,388
			213,695,424	240,910,388
Current Liabilities				
Trade payables		16	6,156,634	13,032,273
Accrued expenses & other liabilities		17	851,144	1,824,515
			7,007,778	14,856,788
Contingencies and Commitments		18		
Total Equity and Liabilities			220,703,202	255,767,176
200				

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements

Chief Executive

GMI CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022 Rupees	2021 Rupees
Revenue			
Operating revenue	19	12,067,954	38,861,042
Capital gain on investment at fair value - through profit or loss - real	ized	844,726	382,401
Unrealized (loss) / gain on remeasurement of investment at fair value - through profit or loss Expenses	-	(24,908,743) (11,996,063)	27,864,915 67,108,358
Administrative expenses	20	(14,664,733)	(27,444,039)
Finance cost	21	(11,646)	(17,261)
Operating (loss) / profit	-	(14,676,379) (26,672,442)	(27,461,300) 39,647,058
Other charges	22	(8,831,545)	(7,286,313)
Other income (Loss) / profit before taxation	23	3,736,148 (31,767,839)	3,050,750 35,411,495
Taxation	24	4,552,875	(6,230,048)
(Loss) / profit after taxation	-	(27,214,964)	29,181,447

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Chief Executive

GMI CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2022 Rupees	2021 Rupees
(Loss) / profit for the year	(27,214,964)	29,181,447
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year	(27,214,964)	29,181,447

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements

Chief Executive

GMI CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Issued, subscribed and paid - up capital	Reserves Revenue Accumulated profit Rupees	Total equity
Balance as at June 30, 2020	150,000,000	61,728,941	211,728,941
Profit for the year	-	29,181,447	29,181,447
Balance as at June 30, 2021	150,000,000	90,910,388	240,910,388
Loss for the year	4.	(27,214,964)	(27,214,964)
Balance as at June 30, 2022	150,000,000	63,695,424	213,695,424

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements

Chief Executive

GMI CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			2022	2021
A. CASH	FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	oss) / profit before taxation ljustments for non cash items:		(31,767,839)	35,411,495
	Depreciation - investment property		937,993	1,042,215
	Depreciation - property and equipment		401,352	470,177
	loss on disposal of property and equipment		-	2,557
	Capital gain - realized		(844,726)	(382,401)
	Unrealized loss / (gain) on remeasurement of investment		24,908,743	(27,864,915)
Ι	Dividend income		(897,481)	(432,500)
F	Rental income		(1,416,140)	(1,392,924)
F	Finance cost		11,646	17,261
			23,101,387	(28,540,530)
Oı	perating (loss) / profit before working capital changes		(8,666,452)	6,870,965
	Decrease / (increase) in current assets			
90	Trade receivables		(1,589,769)	(8,519,730)
	Deposits & other receivables		(1,660,652)	843,725
(Decrease) / increase in current liabilities		NS 012 6 50	~
	Trade payables		(6,875,639)	3,326,626
	Accrued expenses & other liabilities		(973,371)	347,397
	The state of the s		(11,099,431)	(4,001,982)
			(19,765,883)	2,868,983
	Taxes paid		(1,429,922)	(324,915)
	Finance cost paid		(11,646)	(17,261)
			(1,441,568)	(342,176)
Ne	et cash (used in) / generated from operating activities		(21,207,451)	2,526,807
B. CASH	FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
I	Long term deposits - net		(1,250,000)	90,000
S	Short term investment - net		(28,271,755)	861,180
I	Dividend income received		897,481	432,500
F	Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		_	18,800
F	Rental income received during the year		1,416,140	1,499,089
(Capital expenditure incurred		-	(170,400)
Ne	et cash (used in) / generated from investing activates		(27,208,134)	2,731,169
MT.	4 (deanage) / ingresses in each and each agriculants (A+D)		(48,415,585)	5,257,976
	et (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B) ash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		115,704,815	110,446,839
		33	67,289,230	115,704,815
Ca	sh and cash equivalents at the end of the year	33	=======================================	113,704,013

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements

Chief Executive

GMI CAPITAL SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1 NATURE AND STATUS OF BUSINESS

GMI Capital Securities (Private) Limited (the Company) was incorporated in May 22, 2006 as private limited company. The registered office of the Company is situated at 705, 7th Floor, Stock Exchange Building, Stock Exchange Road, Karachi, Pakistan. The Company is engaged in the business of financial consultancy, brokerage, underwriting and investment counseling. It is a Trading Right Holder of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium Sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS for SMEs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

Preparation of financial statements also include disclosure required by Securities Brokers (Licensing and Operations) Regulations, 2016.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for derivatives and investment.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

2.4 New accounting pronouncements

2.4.1 Amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2022.

During the year certain new accounting and reporting standards / amendments / interpretations became effective and applicable to the Company. However, since such updates were not considered to be relevant to these financial statements, the same have not been reported.

2.4.2 New / revised accounting standards, amendments to published accounting standards and interpretations that are not yet effective:

The following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and the amendments and interpretations thereto will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after the dates specified below:

- 2.4.2.1 Amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" classification of liabilities as current or non current amendments apply retrospectively for the annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2023. These amendments in the standards have been added to further clarify when a liability is classified as current. The standard also amends the aspect of classification of liability as non current by requiring the assessment of the entity's right at the end of the reporting period to defer the settlement of liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. An entity shall apply those amendments retrospectively in accordance with IAS 8. The management is currently in the process of assessing the impacts of these amendments to these financial statements.
- 2.4.2.2 Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2) the Board has issued amendments on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies and to help Companies provide useful accounting policy disclosures. The key amendments to IAS 1 include:
 - a. requiring companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies;
 - b. clarifying that accounting policies relating to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions are themselves immaterial and as such need not to be disclosed; and
 - c. clarifying that not all accounting policies that relate to material transactions, other events or conditions are themselves material to a company's financial statements.

The management is currently in the process of assessing the impacts of above amendments to these financial statements.

The Board also amended IFRS Practice Statement 2 to include guidance and two additional examples on the application of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2023 with earlier application permitted..

2.4.2.3 Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS - 8) - The amendments introduce a new definition for accounting estimates clarifying that they are monetary amounts in the financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty.

The amendments also clarify the relationship between accounting policies and accounting estimates by specifying that a Company develops an accounting estimate to achieve the objective set out by an accounting policy. The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after January 01, 2023, and will apply prospectively to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies occurring on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period in which the company applies the amendments. The amendments are not likely to affect the financial statements of the Company.

- 2.4.2.4 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to IAS 12) The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exemption (IRE) so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. As a result, Companies will need to recognize a deferred tax asset and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising on initial recognition of a lease and a decommissioning provision. For leases and decommissioning liabilities, the associated deferred tax asset and liabilities will need to be recognized from the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, with any cumulative effect recognized as an adjustment to retained earnings or other components of equity at that date. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2023 with earlier application permitted. The amendments are not likely to affect the financial statements of the Company.
- 2.4.2.5 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28) The amendment amends accounting treatment on loss of control of business or assets. The amendments also introduce new accounting for less frequent transaction that involves neither cost nor full step-up of certain retained interests in assets that are not businesses. The effective date for these changes has been deferred indefinitely until the completion of a broader review.

2.4.3 The following annual improvements to IFRS standards 2018 - 2020 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2022

The following annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2022.

- IFRS 9 The amendment clarifies that an entity includes only fees paid or received between the entity (the borrower) and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on the other's behalf, when it applies the '10 per cent' test in paragraph B3.3.6 of IFRS 9 in assessing whether to derecognize a financial liability.
- IFRS 16 The amendment partially amends illustrative example 13 accompanying IFRS 16 by excluding the illustration of reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor. The objective of the amendment is to resolve any potential confusion that might arise in lease incentives.
- IAS 41 The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of IAS 41 for entities to exclude taxation cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique

The above amendments are not likely to affect the financial statements of the Company.

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year:

3.1 Property and equipment

3.1.1 Owned

Items of property and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to acquisition of the assets including borrowing costs.

Where major components of an item of property and equipment have different useful life, they are accounted for as separate items of property and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the carrying amount as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit or loss during the year in which they are incurred.

Disposal of an item of property and equipment is recognized when significant risks and rewards incidental to ownership have been transferred. Gain or loss on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognized within "Other operating income" in the statement of profit or loss.

Depreciation is charged to statement of profit or loss applying the reducing balance method.

Depreciation is charged from the month when asset is available for use while no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

3.2 Intangible assets

These stated at the cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Amortization is charged using reducing balance method over assets estimated useful life, after taking into account residual value, useful life and amortization methods are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at reporting date.

Amortization on additions is charged from the month the assets are put to use while no amortization is charged in the month in which the assets are disposed off.

Gain or loss on disposal, If any are included in the statement of profit or loss.

Trading right entitlement certificate and room

This is stated at cost less impairment, if any. The carrying amount is reviewed at each reporting date to assess whether it is in excess of it's recoverable amount, and where the carrying value exceeds estimated recoverable amount, it is written down to it's estimated recoverable amount.

3.3 Investment property

Property that is held for long - term rental yields or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the supply of services or for administrative purposes, is classified as investment property. Investment property is initially measured at it's cost, including related transaction cost and borrowing costs, if any. Subsequent to initial recognition investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation.

3.4 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that an asset or group of assets may be impaired. If any such evidence exists, the asset's or group of assets' recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and fair value less cost to sell. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss

3.5 Financial assets

. Initial measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets in to following three categories:

- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI);
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL); and
- measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition

Subsequent measurement

Debt Investments at **FVOCI**

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest / markup income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the statement of profit or loss

Equity Investments at **FVOCI**

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in the statement of profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets at FVTPL

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest / markup or dividend income, are recognized in statement profit or loss.

at amortized cost

Financial assets measured These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest / markup income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

3.6 Investments

Investment in equity shares are classified as "At Fair Value - Through Profit or Loss" and is initially measured at cost and subsequently is measured at fair value determined using the market value at each reporting date. Net gains and losses, including any interest / markup or dividend income, are recognized in statement profit or loss.

3.7 Settlement date accounting

All purchases and sales of securities that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention such as 'T+2' purchases and sales are recognized at the settlement date. Trade date is the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sale an asset.

Trade debts and other receivables 3.8

Trade debts and other receivable are recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost. A provision for impairment in trade debts and other receivables is made when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amount due according to original terms of receivables. Trade debts and other receivables considered irrecoverable are written off. The receivable in respect of securities sold on behalf of clients are recorded at settlement date of transaction.

3.9 Fiduciary assets

· Assets held in trust or in a fiduciary capacity by the Company are not treated as assets of the Company and accordingly are not included in these financial statements.

3.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flow includes cash in hand and balances with banks.

3.11 Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for ECLs in respect of financial assets measured at amortized cost.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs deducting market value of securities available.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an mount equal to lifetime ECLs less value of securities.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward - looking information.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than past due for a reasonable period of time. Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. 12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months). The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the Gross carrying amount of the assets.

The Gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering of a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Company individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Company expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

3.12 De-recognition

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership

3.13 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or 'At Fair Value - Through Profit or Loss' (FVTPL). A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when the contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or have expired or when the financial liability's cash flows have been substantially modified.

3.14 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and only the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and the Company intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously

3.15 Borrowing / debt

Borrowings / debt is recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. These are subsequently measured at amortized cost and any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the statement of profit or loss over the period of borrowings / debt under the effective interest method. Markup / profit on borrowings / debt is calculated using the effective interest method and is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

3.16 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognized at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

3.17 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payable are recognized initially at fair value plus directly attributable costs, if any, and subsequently measured at amortized cost using an effective interest method. Trade payable in respect of securities purchased are recorded at settlement date of transaction.

These are classified as current liabilities if payment is due with in one year or less (or in normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not they are presented as non - current liabilities.

3.18 Taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the statement of profit or loss, except to the extent that it related to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

3.18.1 Current

The current income tax charge is based on the taxable income for the year calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous year.

3.18.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using balance sheet method, providing for all temporary differences between carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amount used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized.

3.19 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has present legal or constructive obligation as result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and reliable estimates of the amount can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are reviewed at the each reporting date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

3.20 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of any direct expenses. revenue is recognized on the following basis.

- 1 Brokerage, consultancy, advisory fee and commission etc. are recognized as and when such services are provided based on settlement date accounting.
- 2 Income from bank deposits, reverse repo and margin deposits is recognized at effective yield on time proportion basis.
- 3 Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investment are included in the statement od profit or loss for the period which they arise.
- 4 Unrealized capital gains / (losses) arising from mark to market of investments classified as "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" are included in the statement of profit or loss for the period in which they arise.
- 5 Rental income from investment properties is recognized on accrual basis.
- 6 Other income is recognized on receipt basis.

3.21 Related party transactions

All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at normal commercial rates on the same terms and condition as third party transactions using valuations models, as admissible, except in extremely rare circumstances where, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors, it is in the interest of the Company to do so and accordingly directors are allowed trading in shares free of commission.

4 USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements is in conformity with the approved financial reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affects the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results on which form the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates is revised if the revision effects only the period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

5 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

5.1 The following is the statement of property and equipment:

	Owned Assets						
Description	Furniture and fixtures	Office Premises	Vehicles	Office equipment	Computers	Total	
			Rupe	es			
Year ended June 30, 2022							
Net carrying value basis	101025	2/2 21/	1 074 (1)	150 400	163 570	2 (22 040	
Opening net book value (NBV)	104,037	362,216	1,854,616	150,409	162,570	2,633,848	
Additions (at cost)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Less: disposals			r	r			
Cost	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-		
Net book value		- 0	= 2	-	-	-	
Depreciation charge	(15,606)	(36,222)	(278,192)	(22,561)	(48,771)	(401,352)	
Closing net book value	88,431	325,994	1,576,424	127,848	113,799	2,232,496	
Gross carrying value basis			4				
Cost	616,789	1,500,000	2,379,000	475,803	1,968,580	6,940,172	
Accumulated depreciation	(528,358)	(1,174,006)	(802,576)	(347,955)	(1,854,781)	(4,707,676)	
Accumulated depreciation	(328,338)	(1,174,000)	(002,570)	(547,555)	(1,034,701)	(4,707,070)	
Net book value	88,431	325,994	1,576,424	127,848	113,799	2,232,496	
Year ended June 30, 2021							
Net carrying value basis							
Opening net book value (NBV)	106,766	402,462	2,148,310	108,970	188,474	2,954,982	
Additions (at cost)	14,900	402,402	38,000	82,500	35,000	170,400	
Disposals (NBV)	14,900		30,000	02,500	33,000	170,100	
Cost	-		61,700	36,000	- 1	97,700	
Depreciation			(57,291)	(19,052)		(76,343)	
Net book value			4,409	16,948		21,357	
	(17 (20)	(40,246)	(327,285)	(24,113)	(60,904)	(470,177)	
Depreciation charge	(17,629)	(40,246)	(321,263)	(24,113)	(00,904)	(470,177)	
Closing net book value	104,037	362,216	1,854,616	150,409	162,570	2,633,848	
	\$1		28				
Gross carrying value basis							
Cost	616,789	1,500,000	2,379,000	475,803	1,968,580	6,940,172	
Accumulated depreciation	(512,752)	(1,137,784)	(524,384)	(325,394)	(1,806,010)	(4,306,324)	
Net book value	104,037	362,216	1,854,616	150,409	162,570	2,633,848	

			3	2022	2021
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
6	INV	ESTMENT PROPERTY			
			2.3		
		Cost	6.1	17,650,000	17,650,000
		Accumulated depreciation			
		Opening at July 01		(8,270,067)	(7,227,852)
		Charge for the year		(937,993)	(1,042,215)
		Closing		(9,208,060)	(8,270,067)
		NBV at June 30		8,441,940	9,379,933
		Rate of depreciation		10%	10%
	6.1	These represents two offices in old stock exchang	e building.		
7	INT	ANGIBLE ASSET			
		Trading Rights Entitlement Certificate		2,500,000	2,500,000
0	Y 0.34				
8	LON	G TERM DEPOSITS	6		
	-21	Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited	8.1	10,000	10,000
		National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited	8.2	1,400,000	1,400,000
		Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited		100,000	100,000
		Base Minimum Capital		4,476,609	3,226,609
		Communication service to customer		10,000	10,000
				5,996,609	4,746,609
	8.1	This represents railway land deposit with Pakistan	Stock Exchange Li	mited.	
	8.2	National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited	,		-
		- Security deposit - Basic		200,000	200,000
		- Security deposit ransferred from PSX		200,000	200,000
		- Security deposit - DFC		1,000,000	1,000,000
				1,400,000	1,400,000
0					
9	DEF	ERRED TAXATION			
	Asse	et / (liability)			
	Re	elating to taxable temporary differences			
		Accelerated tax depreciation		(139,226)	(167,991)
	Re	elating to deductible temporary differences		,)
		Business losses		8,499,657	6,712,570
		Unabsorbed tax depreciation		1,805,085	1,438,409
		Alternative corporate tax		1,774,989	6,908,193
			8	12,079,732	15,059,171
		-		11,940,506	14,891,180
	Un	irecognized deferred tax asset	9.1	(11,940,506)	(14,891,180)
	61			_	-

^{9.1} Deferred tax asset of Rs. 11.94 (2021: Rs. 14.89) Million has not been recognized owing to uncertainty regarding future profitability against which deferred tax asset could be set off.

		Note	2022 Rupees	2021 Rupees
10	TRADE RECEIVABLES		,	*
	- Related party (director) - Ms. Maria Ghulam Muhammad - considered good	10.1	10,213,571	5,917,240
	- Others - Clients - considered good	10.2	17,334,703 27,548,274	20,041,265 25,958,505

^{10.1} The maximum outstanding balance due from related party at the end of any month amounts to Rs. 12.43 (2021: Rs. 5.92) Million.

10.2 Total value of securities pertaining to clients' and are in their respective sub - accounts amounts to Rs. 231.04 (2021: Rs. 215.82) Million.

11 DEPOSITS & OTHER RECEIVABLES	Note	2022 Rupees	2021 Rupees
Exposure deposit Other receivable	11.1	36,300,000 2,399,684 38,699,684	37,039,032
11.1 Exposure deposit			
Ready market Future market exposure		17,500,000 18,800,000	17,500,000 19,539,032
ruture market exposure	11.1.1	36,300,000	37,039,032

11.1.1 These represent amount of deposits held at the year end against exposure arising out of the trading in securities in accordance with the regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited and National Clearing Company Pakistan Limited.

12 TAX REFUNDS DUE FROM GOVERNMENT - NET	Note	2022 Rupees	2021 Rupees
Opening		2,380,298	8,285,431
Tax paid during the year		1,429,922	324,915
Less: current tax	24	(274,253)	(6,097,666)
Less: prior tax		4,827,128	(132,382)
Closing		8,363,095	2,380,298

13 SHORT TERM INVESTMENT

At fair	value	-	through	profit	or loss	

Listed equity securities

2022	2021		2022	2021
Number of	shares		Rupees	Rupees
14,000	14,000	Attock Refinery Limited	2,460,920	3,590,300
40,000	40,000	D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited	2,500,000	4,716,800
10,000	10,000	Engro Fertilizer Limited	886,400	702,700
100,000	100,000	Fauji Cement Company Limited	1,417,000	2,300,000
10,000	10,000	Friesland Campina Engro Pakistan Limited	682,800	1,150,800
12,500	12,500	Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited	253,000	330,125
12,500	12,500	Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited	1,377,750	1,326,250
7,000	7,000	Ghandhara Nissan Limited	415,660	764,610
7,000	7,000	Ghandhara Tyres & Rubber Company Ltd	238,070	614,810
2,000	2,000	Honda Atlas Cars (Pakistan) Limited	389,460	691,560
12,000	10,000	Hi-Tech Lubricants Limited	475,800	709,100
250,000	250,000	K-Electric Limited	760,000	1,045,000
10,000	10,000	National Refinery Limited	2,525,700	5,231,900
10,000	10,000	Oil & Gas Development Company Limited	786,700	950,300
1,402,953	1,402,953	Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited	14,352,209	31,299,881
950,000	-	Pak Elektron Limited	15,095,500	-
60,000	-	Pakistan Petroleum Limited	4,050,600	-
320,500	-	Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited	10,964,305	
3,230,453	1,897,953		59,631,874	55,424,136

13.2 These include shares having market value amounting to Rs. 18.15 (2021: Rs. 37.17) Million pledged with PSX for meeting BMC requirement and shares having market value amounting to Rs. 4.73 (2021: Rs. 7.14) Million pledged with NCCPL for meeting ready and future margin requirements.

	2022	2021
13.3 The market value of each security at the year end is as follows:		
Attock Refinery Limited	175.78	256.45
D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited	62.50	117.92
Engro Fertilizer Limited	88.64	70.27
Fauji Cement Company Limited	14.17	23.00
Friesland Campina Engro Pakistan Limited	68.28	115.08
Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited	20.24	26.41
Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited	110.22	106.10
Ghandhara Nissan Limited	59.38	109.23
Ghandara Tyres & Rubber Company Limited	34.01	87.83
Honda Atlas Cars (Pakistan) Limited	194.73	345.78
Hi-Tech Lubricants Limited	39.65	70.91
K-Electric Limited	3.04	4.18
National Refinery Limited	252.57	523.19
Oil & Gas Development Company Limited	78.67	95.03
Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited	10.23	22.31
Pak Elektron Limited	15.89	35.06
Pakistan Petroleum Limited	67.51	86.83
Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited	34.21	48.58

			2022	2021
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
14	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	14016	Rupees	Rupees
	Cash in hand		36,709	40,414
	Cash at bank - in current accounts	14.1	67,252,521	115,664,401
			67,289,230	115,704,815
	14.1 Bank balance pertains to:			
	- Clients		6,156,634	14,554,134
	- Brokerage house		61,095,887	101,110,267
	120		67,252,521	115,664,401
15	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID - UP CAPITAL			
	2022 2021 Number of shares			
	1,500,000 1,500,000 Ordinary shares of Rs.	100 each		
	fully paid in cash		150,000,000	150,000,000
	1,500,000 1,500,000		150,000,000	150,000,000
	carry "one vote" per share without any restriction.	Note	2022 Rupees	2021 Rupees
16	TRADE PAYABLES			•
	- Related party (director)			
	- Mrs. Mariam Ghulam Muhammad	16.1	49,488	50,000
	- Others			
	- Clients		6,107,146	12,982,273
			6,156,634	13,032,273
	16.1 The maximum aggregate amount outstanding at an balances:	y time during the	year with referenc	e to month end
	Manua		2022	2021
	Name		Rupees	Rupees
	Mrs. Mariam Ghulam Muhammad.		49,999	154,709
	ivirs. Iviariam Ghulam Iviunammau.		49,999	134,709
17	ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES			
	Accrued expenses		603,640	1,012,386
	SST payable		247,012	478,731
	Other liabilities		COST COST BUILDINGS	,
			492	333,398
		,	851,144	333,398 1,824,515

18 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

18.1 Contingencies

There are no contingencies at the year end (2021: nil).

18.2 Commitments

Commitment against unrecorded transactions executed before year end having settlement date subsequent to year end:

	Note	2022 Rupees	2021 Rupees
For purchase of shares		13,695,522	2,477,100
For sale of shares		2,292,314	500,400
19 OPERATING REVENUE			
Brokerage commission	19.1	10,134,442	32,472,189
Custody / laga / ncss fee		1,036,031	5,956,353
Dividend income		897,481	432,500
*		12,067,954	38,861,042
19.1 Brokerage commission			
Gross commission		11,307,622	36,693,573
Sales tax / federal excise duty		(1,173,180)	(4,221,385)
		10,134,442	32,472,189
19.1.1 Brokerage commission pertains to			
Retail customers		11,307,622	36,693,573
20 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
Directors' remuneration	28	1,200,000	1,800,000
Salaries and other benefits	20	7,749,746	18,450,269
Service and transaction charges		783,374	2,067,990
Utilities		453,708	485,078
Printing and stationery		62,005	106,085
Fees and subscription		60,000	65,000
Legal and professional charges		524,228	586,880
I.T expenses		979,304	931,159
Entertainment		455,501	400,305
Postage and courier		10,720	36,980
Traveling and conveyance		31,670	25,840
Rent, rates and taxes		301,295	261,750
Repairs and maintenance		241,896	171,452
Depreciation - property and equipment	5	401,352	470,177
Depreciation - investment property	6	937,993	1,042,215
General expenses		471,941	542,859
		14,664,733	27,444,039

		*	2022	2021
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
21	FINANCE COST			
	Bank charges		11,646	17,261
22	OTHER CHARGES			
	Charity & donation	22.1	8,183,545	6,193,688
	Audit fee	22.2	648,000	642,600
	Fine and penalty		_	450,025
			8,831,545	7,286,313
	22.1 This amount represents food distributed to differ the limits specified under fifth Schedule.	ent needy people, Ea	ch receiving food it	ems of less than
			2022	2021
	22.2 Audit fee	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	B			
	Reanda Haroon Zakaria & Company Charter	ed Accountants		
	- Statutory audit - Certifications	6	432,000	396,360
	- Certifications		216,000	170,640
	Parker Russell-A.J.S. Chartered Accountants		648,000	567,000
	- PSX System audit			37,800
	- NCCPL audit		_	37,800
			648,000	642,600
23	OTHER INCOME			
			¥) =	
	From financial assets			
	Profit on exposure and BMC deposits From non - financial assets		2,320,008	1,660,383
	Rental income	1	1.416.140	1 202 021
	Loss on disposal of property and equipment		1,416,140	1,392,924
	and equipment	,	1,416,140	(2,557) 1,390,367
		3	3,736,148	3,050,750
24	TAXATION		2,720,110	3,030,730
27	TAXATION			
	Current	24.1	274,253	6,097,666
	Prior		(4,827,128)	132,382
			(4,552,875)	6,230,048
	24.1 Current tax			
	- Normal			
	- Alternate Corporate Tax Section 113C			323,158
	- Turnover Tax Section 113		120 (21	5,709,633
	- FTR	24.2	139,631	-
		24.2	134,622 274,253	64,875
		=	# 1 To # 3 3	0,097,000
	24.2 FTR			
	- Tax on dividend	_	134,622	64,875
		_		

24.3 Income tax returns of the Company have been finalized up to and including the tax year 2021, which is deemed to be assessment order under provisions of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

An assessment can only be amended within 5 years from the end of the financial year in which the commissioner has issued or treated to have the original assessment order.

The commissioner of income tax may in any of the previous 6 years select the deemed assessment for audit.

25 PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT LOSSES & TREATMENT OF RECEIVABLES

The aging of trade debts as at the statement of financial position date is summarized below: -

	2022		202	?1	
	Gross	Impair	ment	Gross	Impairment
			Ruj	nees	
Balance outstanding					
Past due 1 - 14 days	20,203,361		-	22,587,306	~ -
Past due 15 - 30 days	581,270		-	936,772	-
Past due 31 - 60 days	1,486,846	6	-	371,330	-
Past due 61 - 90 days	449,222		-	130,263	-
365 days or more	4,827,575		-	1,932,835	-
8	27,548,274		-	25,958,505	-

25.1 Treatment of receivables

Receivables are recorded on settlement basis of accounting and provision is made based on market practices and past performance.

26 PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

Following is the pattern of shareholding as at June 30, 2022:

Name of shareholders'	Number of shares held	Percentage %
Ms. Maria Ghulam Muhammad Other	1,484,999 15,001 1,500,000	99.00% 1.00% 100.00%
27 (LOSS) / EARNINGS PER SHARE	2022	2021
- Basic and diluted (Loss) / profit after taxation Weighted average number of shares issued up to	(27,214,964)	29,181,447
the end of the year	15,000,000	15,000,000
(Loss) / earnings per share	(1.81)	1.95

There is no dilutive effect on the basic (loss) / earnings per share of the Company.

	20	2022		2021	
	Directors	Chief Executive	Directors	Chief Executive	
Managerial remuneration	600,000	600,000	600,000	1,200,000	
Number of person (s)	1	1	1	1	

28.1 In addition to above chief executive and director are also allowed trading of shares without commission charges, Company maintained vehicle and reimbursement of various house hold expenses.

29	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND		2022	1 m 3
	RELATED DISCLOSURES	At fair value -	Other	
		through	financial	Total
	Financial instrument by category	profit or loss	assets	
			Rupees	
	Financial assets	6		
	Long term deposits	-	5,996,609	5,996,609
	Short term investments	59,631,874	-	59,631,874
	Trade receivables	_	27,548,274	27,548,274
	Exposure deposits	-	36,300,000	36,300,000
	Cash and bank balances	-	67,289,230	67,289,230
		59,631,874	137,134,113	196,765,987
		2 0		
			(4)	19
			2021	
		At fair value -	Other	
		through	- financial	Total
		profit or loss	assets	- 22
			Rupees	
	Financial assets			
	Long term deposits		4,746,609	4,746,609
	Short term investments	55,424,136	-	55,424,136
	Trade receivables		25,958,505	25,958,505
	Exposure deposits	II et II ¹ séécial's e	37,039,032	37,039,032
	Cash and bank balances	_	115,704,815	115,704,815
		55,424,136	183,448,961	238,873,097

30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Boar of Directors of the Company has overall responsibility for establishment and oversight of the company's risk management framework. The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instrument:

- Market risk
- Liquidity risk
- Credit risk
- Operational risk

30.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices.

30.1.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. The Company is exposed to such risk mainly in respect of short term borrowings. Management of the Company estimates that 1% increase in the market interest rate, with all other factors remaining constant, would increase the Company's loss by Rs. nil and a 1% decrease would result in a decrease in the Company's loss by the same amount. However, in practice, the actual results may differ from the sensitivity analysis. Currently, The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk.

30.1.2 Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company does not have any financial instrument in foreign currencies and hence is not exposed to such risk.

30.1.3 Equity price risk

Equity price risk is that risk of volatility in share price resulting from their dependence on market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand for the shares and liquidity in the market. Management of the Company estimates that a 1% increase in overall equity prices in the market with all other factors remaining constant would increase the Company's equity by Rs. 0.60 (2021: Rs. 0.55) Million and a 1% decrease would result in a decrease in the Company's equity by the same amount. However, in practice, the actual results may differ from the sensitivity analysis.

30.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting it's financial obligation associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Liquidity risk arises because of possibility that the Company could required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or difficulty in raising funds to meet comments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding to an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market options due to the dynamic nature of the business. The Company's treasury aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities.

770		W .		
Finan	cial	1 1/11	h1/1	1100
A CICCEIL	Little	Little	1000	LLCO

Trade payables, accrued expense and other liabilities

202	?2
Carrying	Within one
Amount	year
Rupe	es
* # I	
6,760,766	6,760,766
202	?1
Carrying	Within one
Amount	year
Rupe	es
×	
14,044,659	14,044,659

Financial Liabilities

Trade payables, accrued expense and other liabilities

30.3 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss, without taking into account the fair value of any collateral. Credit risk arises from inability of the issuers of the instruments, the relevant financial institutions or counter parties in case of placements or other arrangements to fulfill their obligations.

30.3.1 Exposure to credit risk

Credit risk of the Company arises principally from the trade debts, short term investments, loans and advances, deposits and other receivables. The carrying amount of the financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. To reduce the exposure to credit risk, the Company has developed its own risk management policies and guidelines whereby clients are provided trading limits according to their worth and proper margins are collected and maintained from the clients. The management continuously monitors the credit exposure towards the clients and makes provision against those balances considered doubtful of recovery.

The Company's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with the internal risk management policies and investment and operational guidelines approved by the Board of Directors. In addition, credit is also minimized due to the fact that the Company invests only in high quality financial assets, majority of which have been rated by a reputable rating agency. All transactions are settled / paid for upon delivery. The Company does not expect to incur material credit losses on its financial assets. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is follows:

	2022	2021
	Rupees	Rupees
Long term deposits	5,996,609	4,746,609
Short term investments	59,631,874	55,424,136
Trade receivables	27,548,274	25,958,505
Exposure deposits	36,300,000	37,039,032
Bank balances	67,252,521	115,664,401
	196,729,278	238,832,683

30.4 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with processes technology and infrastructure supporting the Company's operations either internally within the Company or externally at the Company's service providers, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of investment management behaviour.

The Company's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation with achieving its investment objective of generating returns for investors.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls over operational risk rests with the board of directors. The responsibility encompasses the controls in the following areas.

- 1) Requirements for appropriate segregation of duties between various functions, roles and responsibility;
- 2) Requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions;
- 3) Compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;

- 4) Documentation of control and procedures;
- 5) Requirements for the periodic assessment of operational risk faced, and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risk identified;
- 6) ethical and business standards;
- 7) Risk mitigation, including insurance where this is effective.

Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in these financial statements approximate to their fair value. The Company measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Fair value measurements using inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

Fair value of the financial assets that are traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices or dealer prices quotations.

The table below analysis financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorized.

,-	2022				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	- Total	
		Ru	pees		
At fair value - through profit or loss			\$2°		
Listed securities	59,631,874		-	59,631,874	
		2	2021		
, and the second se	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
		Ru			
At fair value - through profit or loss	Vi.				
Listed securities	55,424,136		-	55,424,136	

31 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain healthy capital ratios, strong credit rating and optimal capital structure in order to ensure availability of finance for its existing operations, for maximizing shareholder's value, for tapping potential investment opportunities and to reduce cost of capital.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustment to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Company finances its operations through equity.

		Note	Rupees	Rupees
32	CAPITAL ADEQUACY LEVEL			
	The Capital adequacy level as required by CDC is			
	calculated as follows: Total Assets	32.1	220,703,202	255,767,176
	Less: Total liabilities		(7,007,778)	(14,856,788)
	Less: Revaluation Reserves (created upon revaluation of Fixed Assets)		_	-
	Capital Adequacy Level		213,695,424	240,910,388

2021

2022

32.1 While determining the value of the total assets of the TREC Holder, Notional value of TREC held by such participant as at year ended June 30, 2022 as determined by Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited has been considered.

		2022	2021
		Rupees	Rupees
33 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4		
Cash in hand		36,709	40,414
Cash at bank		67,252,521	115,664,401
		67,289,230	115,704,815

34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if any one party has the ability to control the other party a exercise significant influence over other party in making financial and operating decisions.

The related parties comprise of major shareholders, directors of the Company and key management personnel.

	2022 Rupees	2021 Rupees
Detail of transactions with related parties during the year is as follows:		
Directors and chief executive officer		
Transactions during the year		
Remuneration to director and chief executive officer		1,800,000
Year end balances		
Trade payable	49,488	50,000
Trade receivable	10,213,571	5,917,240

35 NET CAPITAL BALANCE

- 35.1 Net Capital Balance requirements of the Company are set and regulated by Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. These requirements are put in place to ensure sufficient solvency margins and are based on excess of specified current assets over current liabilities.
- 35.2 The Net Capital Balance as required under Third Schedule of Securities and Exchange Rules, 1971 read with the SECP guidelines is calculated as follows;

CURRENT ASSETS	Note	2022 Rupees
		36,709
Cash in hand		50,705
Cash at bank	г	44 00 F 00 F
- Pertaining to brokerage house		61,095,887
- Pertaining to clients	35.3	6,156,634
Total bank balances	33.3	07,232,321
Deposit against exposure	35.4	36,300,000
Trade Receivables		
Book value		27,548,274
Less: over due for more than 14 days	[(7,344,912)
Balance generated within 14 days and / or not yet due	35.5	20,203,362
Securities held on behalf of client where payment has not been received in 14 days Investment in listed securities	35.6	6,807,320
Securities on the exposure list marked to market		41,485,165
Less: 15% discount		(6,222,775)
	35.7	35,262,390
Total Current Assets	A	165,862,303
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Trade Payables		
Book value		6,156,634
Less: over due for more than 30 days		(3,704,327)
	35.8	2,452,307
Other liabilities	35.9	4,555,471
Total Current Liabilities	В	7,007,778
NET CAPITAL BALANCE	A minus B	158,854,524

18		Note	2022 Rupees
35.3	Cash at bank		•
	- Pertaining to brokerage house Current account - Pertaining to clients Current account	35.3.1	61,095,887
35.3.1	Restricting it to trade payables:		
	Trade payable Current account		
35.4	Deposit against exposure		
	Ready market exposure Future market exposure and loss		17,500,000 18,800,000 36,300,000
35.5	Trade receivables		
	This amount is based on 14 days net capital aging of trade receivable	S.	
35.6	Securities held on behalf of clients where payment has not been received in 14 days		
	The amount represents lower of securities held and receivable above	14 days from clie	ents.
35.7	Investment in listed securities	-	
N.	Listed equity securities Less: shares pledged with PSX for meeting BMC requirement Amount eligible for discount Less: 15% discount		59,631,874 (18,146,709) 41,485,165 (6,222,775) 35,262,390
35.8	Trade payable		
	This amount is based on 30 days net capital aging of trade payables.		
35.9	Other liabilities		
	Trade payable over due for more than 30 days Accrued expenses SST payable Other liabilities		3,704,327 603,640 247,012 492 4 555 471

4,555,471

1.1 Property & equipment 1.2 Intangible assets 1.3 Investment in govt, securities (150,000*99) 1.4 Investment in debt, securities 1.5 Investment in debt, securities 1.6 Investment in debt, securities 1.7 Investment in debt, securities 1.7 Investment in debt, securities 1.8 Investment in debt, securities 1.9 Investment in debt, securities 1.1 Investment in debt, securities in debt, securities broker. 1.1 Investment in debt, securities in debt, securities or debt, securities 1.1 Investment in debt, securities in securities in debt, securities or debt, securities in securities	S.no. 1	Head of account Assets	Value in pak rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net adjusted value
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1.7 Investment in associated companies / undertaking i. If listed 20% or VAR of each securities as computed by the Securities Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher. ii. If unlisted, 100% of net value. 1.8 Statutory or regulatory deposits / basic deposits with the exchanges, clearing house or central depository or any other entity. 1.9 Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house. 1.10 Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB.		asset including shares of listed securities that are in block, freeze or pledge status as on reporting date. Provided that 100% haircut shall not be applied in case of investment in those securities which are pledged in favor of Stock Exchange / Clearing House against margin financing requirements or pledged in favor of banks against short term financing arrangements. In such cases, the haircut as provided in Schedule III of the Regulations in respect of investment in securities shall be applicable.	,	-	<u>-</u>
i. If listed 20% or VAR of each securities as computed by the Securities Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher. ii. If unlisted, 100% of net value. 1.8 Statutory or regulatory deposits / basic deposits with the exchanges, clearing house or central depository or any other entity. 1.9 Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house. 1.10 Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB.	1.6	Investment in subsidiaries	-	pair	: - :
Securities Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher. ii. If unlisted, 100% of net value. I.8 Statutory or regulatory deposits / basic deposits with the exchanges, clearing house or central depository or any other entity. I.9 Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house. I.9 Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB.	1.7	Investment in associated companies / undertaking			
 1.8 Statutory or regulatory deposits / basic deposits with the exchanges, clearing house or central depository or any other entity. 1.9 Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house. 1.10 Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB. 		Securities Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher.		-	-
exchanges, clearing house or central depository or any other entity. 1.9 Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house. 36,300,000 - 36,300,000 1.10 Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB.			-	-	-
1.9 Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house. 36,300,000 - 36,300,000 1.10 Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB.	1.8	exchanges, clearing house or central depository or any other	5,996,609	100%	-
1.10 Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB.	1.0		36 300 000		36 300 000
		Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed	-	-	50,500,000
	1 11	Other deposits and prepayments	10,762,779	100%	

S.no.	Head of account	Value in pak rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net adjusted value
1.12	Accrued interest, profit or markup on amounts placed with financial institutions or debt securities etc.	-	-	-
	100% in respect of markup accrued on loans to directors, subsidiaries and other related parties	-	-	-
1.13	Dividends receivables.	-	-	-
1.14	Amounts receivable against Repo financing. Amount paid as purchaser under the REPO agreement. (securities purchased under repo arrangement shall not be included in the investments.)		-	-
1.15	i. Short term loan to employees: loans are secured and due for repayment within 12 months	-	-	-
	ii. Receivables other than trade receivables	-	-	-
1.16	Receivables from clearing house or securities exchange(s)			
	100% value of claims other than those on account of entitlements against trading of securities in all markets including MTM gains.	-	, .	, -
	claims on account of entitlements against trading of securities in all markets including MTM gains.	· -	-	-
1.17	Receivables from customers i. In case receivables are against margin financing, the aggregate if (i) value of securities held in the blocked account after applying VAR based haircut, (ii) cash deposited as collateral by the finance (iii) market value of any securities deposited as collateral after applying VAR based haircut. i. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments.			-
	ii. Incase receivables are against margin trading, 5% of the net balance sheet value.ii. Net amount after deducting haircut	Y Test		-
	iii. Incase receivables are against securities borrowings under SLB, the amount paid to NCCPL as collateral upon entering into contract, iii. Net amount after deducting haircut		-	-
	iv. Incase of other trade receivables not more than 5 days overdue, 0% of the net balance sheet value. iv. Balance sheet value	7,989,095	-	7,989,095
	v. Incase of other trade receivables are overdue, or 5 days or more, the aggregate of (i) the market value of securities purchased for customers and held in sub-accounts after applying VAR based haircuts, (ii) cash deposited as collateral by the respective customer and (iii) the market value of securities held as collateral after applying VAR based haircuts. v. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments	9,345,608	8,588,069	8,588,069
	vi. 100% haircut in the case of amount receivable form related parties.	10,213,571	100%	4 . -
1.18	Cash and bank balances			
	I. Bank Balance-proprietory accounts	61,095,887	_	61,095,887
	ii. Bank balance-customer accounts	6,156,634	-	6,156,634
	iii. Cash in hand	36,709	-	36,709
1 10	Total Assats	220,703,203		170,327,189

S.no.	Head of account	Value in pak rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net adjusted value
2	Liabilities			
2.1	Trade payables			
	i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house	-	-	-
	ii. Payable against leveraged market products	- 15C C24	-	(15((24
2.2	iii. Payable to customers	6,156,634	-	6,156,634
2.2	Current Liabilities	-	-	-
	i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables	851,144		851,144
	iii. Short term borrowings	031,144	_	-
	iv. Current portion of subordinated loans	-	-	_
	v. Current portion of long term liabilities	-		-
	vi. Deferred liabilities	-	-	e - 1
	vii. Provision for bad debts		-	_
	viii. Provision for taxation	-	-	-
	ix. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in	_	_	_
	the financial statements			
2.3	Non-Current Liabilities			
	i. Long term financing	-		-
	a. Long term financing obtained from financial institution: long			
	term portion of financing obtained from a financial institution	-	-	-
	including amount due against finance lease			
	b. Other long term financing	-	-	-
	ii. Staff retirement benefits	-	-	-
	iii. Advance against shares for increase in capital of			
	securities broker: 100% haircut may be allowed in respect of			
	advance against shares if:			
	a. The existing authorized share capital allows the proposed			
	enhanced share capital			
	b. Board of directors of the Company has approved the increase			
	in capital	-	-	-
	c. Relevant regulatory approvals have been obtained			
	d. There is no unreasonable delay in issue of shares against			
	advance and all regulatory requirements relating to the increase			
	in paid up capital have been completed.			
	e. Auditor is satisfied that such advance is against the increase of			
	capital. iv. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in			
	the financial statements	- 1		-
2.4	Subordinated loans			
2.4	i. 100% of subordinated loans which fulfill the conditions			
	specified by SECP are allowed to be deducted:			
	The Schedule III provides that 100% haircut will be allowed			
	against subordinated loans which fulfill the conditions specified			
	by SECP. In this regard, following conditions are specified:			
	a. Loan agreement must be executed on stamp paper and must			
	clearly reflect the amount to be repaid after 12 months of			
	reporting period	~	-	-
	b. No haircut will be allowed against short term portion which is			4.
	repayable within next 12 months.			
	c. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made			
	to the liquid capital and revised liquid capital statement must be			
	submitted to exchange.			V
	ii. Subordinated loans which do not fulfill the conditions	_	_	_

	*			
S.no.	Head of account	Value in pak rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net adjusted value
3	Ranking Liabilities Relating to:			
3.1	Concentration in margin financing			
	The amount calculated client-to-client basis by which any			
	amount receivable from any of the finances exceed 10% of	-	-	-
	the aggregate of amounts receivable from total finances.			
3.2	Concentration in securities lending and borrowing			
	The amount by which the aggregate of:			
	(i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL			
	(Ii) Cash margins paid and	-	-	-
	(iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins			
	exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed.			
3.3	Net underwriting commitments			
	(a) in the case of right issues: if the market value of			
	securities is less than or equal to the subscription price;			
	the aggregate of:			
	(i) the 50% of haircut multiplied by the underwriting			
	commitments and (ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments	_	-	_
	exceeds the market price of the securities.			
	In the case of rights issue where the market price of securities			
	is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the haircut			
	multiplied by the net underwriting			
	(b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting			
	commitments	-	-	-
3.4	Negative equity of subsidiary			
5.7	The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary			
	(excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the	_	_	_
	total liabilities of the subsidiary			
3.5	Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency position	ons		
	5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in			
	foreign currency means the difference of total assets			
	denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities		-	-
	denominated in foreign currency			
3.6	Amount payable under REPO	-	-	-
3.7	Repo adjustment			
	In the case of financier / purchaser the total amount			
	receivable under Repo less the 110% of the market value of			
	underlying securities.			
	In the case of finance / seller the market value of underlying		200	_
	securities after applying haircut less the total amount		_	_
	received ,less value of any securities deposited as collateral			
	by the purchaser after applying haircut less any cash			14 .
	deposited by the purchaser.			
3.8	Concentrated proprietary positions			
	If the market value of any security is between 25% and 51%			
	of the total proprietary positions then 5% of the value of such		Obstract in Assessed	SAME AND THE CONTRACTOR
	security .If the market of a security exceeds 51% of the	~-	754,775	754,775
	proprietary position, then 10% of the value of such security			

S.no.	Head of account	Value in pak rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net adjusted value	
3.9	Opening positions in futures and options	2			
	i. In case of customer positions, the total margin requirements in respect of open positions less the amount of cash deposited by the customer and the value of securities held as collateral / pledged with securities exchange after applying VAR haircuts	· •	-	-	
	ii. In case of proprietary positions , the total margin requirements in respect of open positions to the extent not already met	-	-	-	
3.10	Short sell positions				
	i. In case of customer positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market on behalf of customers after increasing the same with the VAR based haircuts less the cash deposited by the customer as collateral and the value of securities held as collateral after applying VAR based Haircuts.	-	-	-	
	ii. In case of proprietory positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market and not yet settled increased by the amount of VAR based haircut less the value of securities pledged as collateral after applying haircuts.	-	-	-	
3.11	Total Ranking Liabilities	-	754,775	754,775	
		213,695,425	Liquid Capital	162,564,636	

Calculations Summary of Liquid Capital

		162,564,636
(iii)	Less: Total ranking liabilities (serial number 3.11)	754,775
(ii)	Less: Adjusted value of liabilities (serial number 2.5)	7,007,778
<i>(i)</i>	Adjusted value of Assets (serial number 1.19)	170,327,189

37 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The total number of employees including dealers at year end were 18 (2021: 18) and average number of employees including dealers during the year was 18 (2021: 16).

38 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION TO ISSUE

These financial statements have been authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 0.5 SEP 2022.

39 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

Chief Executive